Weber, Max Strakosch, Max Maretzek, J. Grau, H. D. Palmer, Hehry Jarrett, H. L. Bateman.

"Casto" will be acted to-morrow night, at Wallack's Theater, for the first time this season. The resources of this delicious comedy is a bright event in tage life, and will long continue to be so. On this occasion Miss Effic Germon will appear as Polly Ecotes, Mr. Stoddart as old Ecote, Miss Moore as Esther, Mr. Stoddart as old Ecote, Miss Moore as Esther, Mr. Stoddart as old Ecote, Miss Moore as Esther, Mr. Stoddart as old Ecote, Miss Moore as Esther, Mr. Stoddart as old Ecote, Miss Moore as Esther, Mr. Stoddart Bearing as Miss Prancisco Minstrels. It includes Gackus, Bernard, Wambold, Birch, Mulligan, Kent, Queen, Bebby Newcomb, Richards, Cornster, Juch, Clarendon, Emmett, West, Ira Paine, Blakeney, C. F. Shattuck, Oberist, Hartigan, and others—several of whom are at the head of this branch of professional life. Mossrs, Legget and Allen, from the London Albambra, continue to appear in their unique comic dances.

Mr. Arthur Matthison's drama of "Enoch

Mr. Arthur Matthison's drama of "Enoch Mr. Arthur Matthison's Grams of Enoch arden." based on Tennyson's poem, has been published in a neat pamphlet, from the office of The Season, No. 49 Ann-st. The author dedicates it to Edwin Booth, and incidentally notes the fact that it is the first original play produced at Booth's Theater. To the merit of this drama we have previously referred. It is well constructed, well written, and effective in the representation—as the visitor to Booth's Theater may see, every Saturday evening.

The fourth week of "Leah"—upon which the piece enters this evening—will be its last at Booth's Theater. And, in truth, four weeks of a play so extramely well known and well worn, are quite sufficient. "Mary Warner" is in rehearsal, and the theatrical community has reason to expect a genuine pleasure in seeing its representation. Its first performance in America will take place next Monday. One of the characters will be suffated by Miss Bateman's younger sister, Miss Virginia Francie. The fourth week of "Leah"-upon which the

## THE FALL TRADE.

BUSINESS ACTIVE AND PROSPECTS GOOD-RE-MARKABLE INCREASE OF SOUTHERN TRADE -WESTERN TRADE EMBARRASSED-LIMITED EFFECT OF THE WALL-ST. EXCITEMENT— CONSEQUENCES OF CHEAP FREIGHTS—DRY

GOODS, GROCERIES, BOOKS, ETC. The key-note of the present commercial situation is the great metropolis is exactly struck by the significant remark of a leading wholesale jeweler in Maidenlane; "The Southern trade has been the salvation of New-York this Fall;" and certainly the extraordinary increase of Southern business in New-York markets has given the Fall trade of 1869 a volume and a soundness unparalleled since the war. Some observers have venjured to speak of the trade with the South as trebled since 1868, but this is unquestionably fan exaggeration; although in many branches, and [especially in boots and hoes, groceries, jewelry, clothing, and dry goods, modate estimates place the advance at from 25 to 75 per bent, with a prospect, in numerous instances, of a con-inued and heavy late trade, which will probably bring he aggregate Southern business of the season p to twice the amount of last year. This inda-ates a most prosperous and encouraging state of affairs the region lately devastated by the rude hand of war, and a brief review of the course of Southern trade since he close of the Rebellion will show that New-York dealers are justified in taking a rose-colored view of the situhtion. In the Fall of 1865 the South was so destitute of supplies that every one engaged in merchandising made money with a rapidity that entired many nexperienced men into attempting a mersantile life. In 1866 these ex-planters, professional men, Forthern speculators, and other novices, bought heavy locks upon small capital, and flooded the South with ore goods than could be retailed at profitable rates. As a necessary consequence, many of this class of dealers were compelled to sell out at any price, and quit a busipess they did not understand. In 1867 their successors bought boldly in September and October upon the strength of the good cotton crep of that year, but the sudden fall of 60 or 70 per

year, but the sudden fall of 60 or 70 per tent in the price of the great staple later in the season upset all their calculations and entailed a becond year of commercial misfortune upon the South. In 1868 another good cotton crop was gathered, and of his the Southern people realized the profits, instead of the speculators who had carried off the lion's share the year before. Disaster had taught prudence and compelled economy, and returning good fortune cuabled the boutherners to reestablish themselves on a sound and comfortable footing. And now comes the cotton crop of \$800 to swell this thie of prosperity, to insure plenty, and even luxury, at the South; to fill the coffers of the unerchauts of Manhattan, and to spread its beneficial influence throughout the civilized world. In no country but the South, and with no crop but cotton, can three hundred millions of wealth be so easily created in a twelve-month out of the son. And while this holds true the Southern trade must continue the main-stay of merbantic prosperity in New-York. Not only does the coton crop this year furnish a broad and satisfactory basis for Southern trade, but the business is almost universally in good and experienced hands, old merbants who traded here before the war having taken advantage of the lbankrupt law, accumulated sufficient papital for a business venture, and miade their appearance in New-York this Fall in nunsual numbers. Caution is also manifested against overstocking (a fault to which Foothern dealers are especially prone), the increase in the volume of trade being due to the greater number of ouyers, rather than to the purchase of heavier invoices. the volume of trade being due to the greater induced of ouyers, rather than to the purchase of heavier invoices. Few favors are asked in the way of credit, many dealers paying each, and the others giving very satisfactory paper. In all respects the Southern trade this Fall is excellent, but the same cannot be said of trade with the Kvest. In New-England trade no change is observed, and

Few favors are asked in the way of credit, many dealers paping cash, and the others giving very satisfactory paper. In all respects the Southern trade this Fall is extellest, but the same cannot be said of trade with the Nest. In New-Eurland trade no change is observed, and in New-York and Pennsylvania a visible improvement is noted in some instances; but in the West a degree of embarrassment prevalls which delays business, linders collections, and makes cautious merchants chary of selling largely except for cash. Recent letters from Michigan, Alisconfin and Minnesota corroborate this statement, and attribute the evil mainly to the action of the farmers in holding back last year's produce for a rise. Money is in extreme demand for moving the crops, and business, which has, moreover, been decidedly overdone in many localities, feels the pressure keenly. The contrast between the shrewd but sometimes overreaching West-trner, and the liberal, but perhaps prodical, Southron, is clearly seen and felt in this state of affairs. The latter outs his crop in the market before it is gathered, and segins distributing its proceeds before the first bale is packed. The former holds the produce of his land with a firm clutch, and would rather imbarrass himself and all his neighbors than run the risk of losing a possible profit. Either course may result in disaster to the agriculturist, but the louthern style oils the wheels, while the Western plan slaps down the brakes of trade; and now that the South, of old the favorite market of New-York, has commenced here commercial guarter for which shrewd merchants will hereafter steer their course and trim their salis.

Two points must not be overlooked in connection with the New-York trade this Fail. One is the effect of the amash-up among the gold gamblers in Wall-st, and the other is the influence of the remarkably cheap rates of freight to the West. As to the Wall-st crash, dealers generally testify that it had only the most triding and transitory effect. In the wholesale lewelry tr scared by the Wall-st. whirlwind, but this is not exactly so. Some verdant or shaky ones may have been, but many were as cool as cucumbers, and simply shood off to take advantage of the expected embarrassment of the dry goods and jewelry dealers. The third and last point at which the Wall-st. arrow struck was the retail trade in the costless dry goods and house-furnishings. The wives and daughters of the men who were so heavily involved have been unhappily obliged to curtail their shopping exponditures, and more than one fine residence must go uniturnished for the present in consequence of Wall-st.'s memorable dies wie. One dealer on Broadway, who estimates the falling off in his trade at twenty per cent, shows a pair of beautiful glass phandeliers, worth \$1,600, the sale of which was certainly delayed, if not lost, by the smash. Beyond the three at twenty per ceni, shows a pair of beauliful glass phandellers, worth \$1,500, the sale of which was certainly delayed, if not lost, by the smash. Beyond the three items mentioned, the permicious influence of the Gold floom, more fasal of late than Danae's fabled chamber, is scarcely felt upon the Fall trade. As to the unusual sheapness of freights to the West, caused by the keen competition between the three great trunk lines, it has, of course, operated beneficially, hastening trade and securing numerous purchasers who would otherwise have bought in smaller cities nearer at hand. Nevertheless, it has not always proved an unimized blessing to buyers, some of whom have outwitted themselves very neatly by reason of it. To make sure of the cheap freights these shrewd fellows bought large wocks of heavy dry goods early in the season, brown shectings, for instance, at 164c a yard. But now the same sheetings can be had for 15c., making a difference—and a dead loss—of \$12 on the bale, while the gain in freight rarely amounted to \$1.

DRY GOODS. Despite the disposition to take advantage of the cheap freights, the trade in dryggoods began this year somewhat late, in accordance with an increasing and pruden tendency to delay purchasing until supplies are actually wanted. Southern and south-western buyers were first in the field, and bought fully 25 per cent more than last year, taking goods of better quality and plainer colors, for which the industrious negroes begin to show a taste. The Western buyers were two or three weeks later, and bought with particular care. An unusual number of bills from this section, usually discounted, have this year been allowed to run to maturity. The total sales of dry goods were unquestionably heavier than last year up to the 24th of September, and the subsequent check will probably only serve to prolong the Fall trade. The receipts of goods for the remainder of the season will be light and prices are likely to be well maintained. wanted. Southern and south-western buyers were first

CLOTHING. The retail trade in clothing is fully as good this year as tast. Prices range about the same, for the decline in domestic materials has fortunately offset the increased cost of manufacture brought about by the recent successful strikes among the journeymen tailors. This increase

amounts to twenty-five and in some cases to fifty per cent of the former cherges. The retail clothing trade is very much influenced by the weather, and a reasonably cold November is all that is needed to make it unusually and prosperously brisk. The wholesals dealers in clothing are doing much more business than they were at this time a year ago, and the trade is more satisfactory in all respects. Houses having a large Southern business, and dealing in the finer grades of clothing, are flourishing most, masmuch as the South this year is buying goods of better quality and in much larger quantity than in any previous year since the war. Under the old regimé a kersey jacket and trowsers, worth about \$3, were good enough for a slave, but now an African gentleman is not content until he has a black frock-coat, and a vest and pantaloons to match. The Western demand for clothing is comparatively light, and for a coarser class of goods. These are imanufactured to some extent in the larger cities of the West, and this rivalry perceptibly tends to reduce the New-York clothing trade with that section. This fact is so undeniable that houses here, depending largely on their Western business, have found it necessary to fortify themselves by establishing branches in Chicago or St. Louis.

BOOTS AND SHOES. There has been little complaint this Fall in any branch of business, but in boots and shoes the trade has been something astonishing. The number of buyers has been unusually large, and the rush was so great during the unusually large, and the rush was so great during the month of September, that customers in some cases actually could not find salesmen to attend to them. The large stocks in hand at the opening of the senson were soen swept away, and the factories were put in operation to meet the continued demand. The Southern buyers not only made very heavy purchases, but took a better quality of goods than ever, before, one Georgia firm supplimenting an order with the note: "Be sure and send the best quality, for, as every nein this neighborhood expects to go to Congress, none others are salable." Prices do not vary much from last year's figures, but they will probably advance, inasmuch as the Kuight of St. Crispin, among whom nearly all the journeymen shoemakers are enrolled, are more than likely to raise their scale of charges before the season closes.

In hats and caps, the Fail trade opened very favorably about the middle of August, but a few heavy and unexpected fallures occurring soon after, checked it materially. It has recovered, however, and at present buyers are cager, sellers are willing, the trade is steady, and it promises to be good to the end of the season. Manpromises to be good to the end of the season. Manufacturers have been remarkably cautious during the last year, and there are scarcely any heavy stocks now on hand. Very few hats are imported, although the absurd custom of using French or English "dies" to mark the lining is still in vogue. The hat businessibas been overdone for two years past, but it is drifting rapidly back to its proper position. In ladies' hats the fashions change so rapidly that only the shrewdest manufacturers can succeed in catching the profit. The favorite styles just now are the "Sailor" and "Augusta" hats. In hats and caps, as in other branches, a principal part of the wholesale trade is with the South, but the gain is not so noticeable, as the Southern Spring trade in this line was very good.

JEWELRY. The retail trade in jewelry, watches, and silver-ware has been extraordinarily good during the last season, and the leading houses on Broadway are doing a business one-fourth heavier than they business one-fourth heavier than they did last year. The American manufacturers in these lines have driven their European rivals to the wall, and control the market almost exclusively. The wholesale jewelry trade is 30 per cent better than it was a year ago, especially with the South, where the demand is unusually great. One buyer of costly goods for the New-Orleans market repeated his purchase in ten days, having exhausted his first stock in that brief time; and a leading manufacturer in this city has had 300 men at work all the year without being able to get ahead of his orders. The cream of this business comes just before the work all the year without being able to get ahead of his orders. The cream of this business comes just before the holidays, and there is every prospect of an unprecedentedly good trade next/December. Prices are about the same as last year, with a slight downward tendency in the goods on which the least profit is made. GROCERIES.

In the Southern grocery trade there has been an increase of about 50 per cent, and for fully 60 per cent of these extensive purchases cash has been paid. The trade began two or three weeks earlier than usual, money being easier than hitherto in consequence of the good cotton crop of 1868 and the very good prospect for 1862. The Western grocery trade is not so good as in former years. There are a good many doubtful dealers whom it is not safe to trust, and the reluctance of farmers to sell their crops at the prevailing low rates makes money scarce. Prices vary but little from those of last year. Sogar has risen rapidly during the last four or five weeks, influenced by the Cuban troubles, but other groceries display a slight downward tendency.

HARDWARE. HARDWARE.

The hardware business is from 25 to 50 per cent better The hardware business is from 25 to 50 per cent better than last yearlor year before. This increases wholly in the Southern States. In the west, in fact, the New-York hardware trade is rapidly losing ground, except in the finer branches. Prices are a litle lower than last year. The home demand, especially for builders' hardware, is very good, and a new style of elegant and castly bronze knobs, hinges, &c., is coming into fashion. The trade in table cutlery and tools is very brisk. In pocket knives, Sheffield keeps the lead, but in table cutlery the American manufacture is rapidly taking the precedence. It is a cutrous fact, a kind of "coals-ie-Newcastis" phenomenon, that a few invoices of American tools have lately been sent to Sheffield. The hardware trade is best in the Spring, especially in agricultural implements, but in skintes the case is reversed, and the traffic promises to be brisk this Winter.

The sales of pinnos and sewing machines during the last year have been remarkably large. The leading manufacturers are doing a heavier trade than ever before since they began business. Their manufacturing facilities were never greater, and they were fiever before so far behind their orders. The South is taking fully so far behind their orders. The South is taking fully three times as many planos as last year. The principal makers of cabinet organs are doing an equally thriving trade, and solding 125 instruments this Fall where they sold 50 a year ago. In sewing machines the business has been positively predigious. A single firm has sold no less than 35,000 machines during the last five months, and is 15,000 behind its orders at this moment. So argent is the demand that orders from Europe have come in repeated instances by Atlantic Cable. This firm is making 300 machines a day, and intends soon to increase its capacity to 500.

BOOKS.

In general there is a reasonable degree of prosperity in the publishing business, although the book trade has been decidedly dull during the year. As a consequence, a number of good books have been published, for when the market is bad, publishers will touch only the best a number of good books have been published, for when the market is had, publishers will touch only the best works. The trade this Fall is perceptibly better than it was a year ago, although the Southern demand has not increased. One notable feature in the recent book trade is the introduction of standard juveniles, like Reduison Crusoe and Pligrin's Progress, ingeniously reduced to words of one syllable. There has probably been an increase during the year in the number of English-made books put on the market with American imprints, for the publisher can often manufacture a large edition in Eagland, may the extra costs of freight and customs, and then sell the books cheaper than if made here. The growing interest are significantly shown in the fact that no less than five powerful English upon the American publishing interest are significantly shown in the fact that no less than five powerful English oness have established active agencies in this city, one or two of them within a few weeks. Among American publishers there has been a rapidly increasing disregard for the time-honored custom of the "courtesy of the trade," or the practice of considering the one who first issues a foreign work exclusively entitled to it, and there have probably been at least a hundred books published during the year by two for more different firms. All this is highly advantageous to the public, who have, in at least our instance, obtained a good book at the price of the white paper. The chief houses engaged in this warfare are Harper & Brother, and their two rivals, Lippincott & Co, and Pleids, Osgood & Co. There have been during the year several instances of what the French call a successful, and one or two sanguine publishers anticipate very heavy sales of books to be published this Pall. Among these is a new novel by Augusta J. Evans, of which 20,000 copies will be printed and bound before a single one is soid.

FURS, STOYES, AND FIGURES.

FURS, STOVES, AND PICTURES. These three lines of merchandise are grouped together, because it is in these only that trade this Fall seems to be absolutely dull. The picture business is a capricious one, at best ; and for furs and stoves there has been, of course bile or none of that Southern demand which has thrown such life and activity into other channels of trade. The sale of manufactured furs has licen comparatively light during the year-large stocks having been kept over, and dealers having held the raw material at speculative prices—nor are the prospects for the Winter's wholesale trade considered encouraging. Furs are not so much in demand as formerly, and some of the leading styles are going out of fashion. The city retail trade, however, promises reasonably well, New-York being a cosmopolitan city, and affording good market even when this trade is dull everywhere else. The stove market is overstocked throughout the United States, and nothing but a remarkably severe Winter can give this trade a permanent impetus. The pleture business is dull because there is nothing to make it lively. Eventful epochs like the Spring of 1865 are harvest times for the picture sellers; but now, men who made hundreds of thousands of doilars during the war are only doing a living business, and not a few dealers are selling out in despair. litle or none of that Southern demand which has thrown

#### A CLEVER SWINDLER.-THE "PLUMBER AND GAS-FITTER."

For some time past housekeepers in the aristocratic portions of the city have been victimized by a young man who would present himself dressed as a plumber, and carrying the different tools of that trade. plumber, and carrying the different tools of that trade. His manner of working was to represent that he had been sent by the landlord (whose name he had carefully ascertained beforehand), to make certain needed repairs in the gas or water pipes. Supposing all to be right, he would be left alone by the inmates, when he would ransack the closets and bucsau drawers, and, of course, every small article of value, such as jewelry, money, sliverware, &c., would be stowed away in his tray, (which was supposed to contain tools). Complaints have been received by the police, among others, one from Mrs. Peales, of No. 125 East Twelfth-st., from whose residence the thief stole over \$500 worth of jewelry. A Mrs. Strauss, living at No. 346 East Seventeenth-st., was also robbed of \$600 worth of valuables. The case was placed in the hands of Detectives Corkey and Reilly, of the 18th Precinct, some days ago, but the only clue they had was an incomplete description of the thief. After diligent search they succeeded in arresting him on the street early yesterday morning. The prisoner is about 23 years of age, with smooth face, of quiet demeanor, and calls almaself Joseph Rodey. It is evident that he must have secured an immesse amount of pluuder by this new line of business, and it is supposed that the publication of his arcest will bring forward many others who have been

swindled by him. He was taken before Justice Ledwith, at Jefferson Market Police Court, yesterday, and remanded to the Fifteenth Precinct Station-House until today, when complaints will be taken. On Wednesday morning the "plumber" went to No. 125 East Twelfth-st. A servent in the family saw him coming down stairs, and recognized a ribbon hanging out of his pocket as belonging to a gold seal. She cried, "Yon're a thief," and immediately grappled with him, while she called lustily for assistance. He broke from her, but the woman ran after him down Twelfth-st and into Third-ave, where he was seen to go into a basement liquor saloon. She followed him in, and begged the bystanders to hold him while she got a policeman, but he again escaped, as the crowd did not interfere.

#### POLITICAL.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 10 .- Another mass meeting of the Irish Republicans was held last night. In view of the prospect of a disturbance, a large force of police were on hand. The meeting passed off quietly. Addresses were delivered by Capt. W. H. Grace of New York and others.

The Memphis Appeal advocates the election of Andrew Johnson, and The Avalanche urges the election of

The Republicans of the XXth District (Herkimer and Otsego) have nominated Augustus R. Elwood of Otsego for the Senate.

Mr. L. Breese of Columbia County has been nominated as Secretary of State by the Wisconsin Republican State Central Committee, in place of Eli A.

Spencer declined.

The Hon. Abraham X. Parker has been nominated for reflection to the Senate by the Republicans of the XVIIth District, composed of the countles of St.

Lawrence and Franklin. Mr. Parker is a Senator who has been tried and not found wanting. The Republicans of Albany County have nominated the following ticket:

For Senator-David John Johnson of Cohoes.
For County Treasurer-Stephen V. Fredericks of Gli-For Justice of the Sessions-Ephraim N. Bogardus of

For Coroner-Dr. William J. Warren of Albany. The Minnesota State Temperance Convention, recently in session at St. Paul, nominated the followmg State ticket :

ng State ticket:

Governor—The Rev. D. Cobb of Olmsted County.

Lieutenant Governor—John H. Stevens of Hennepin.

Secretary of State—T. J. Thompson of Hastings.

Auditor—C. C. Comee of Wasces.

Treasurer—Henry Russell of Ramsey.

Altorney General—J. Ham Davidson of Ramsey.

Chief Jistice—E. O. Hamiln of Stearns County.

Cierk of the Court—A. P. Connelly of Ramsey.

LOCAL POLITICS. The Democratic Senatorial Convention for the 1st District met in Jamaica, on Saturday, and nomi-nated Frost of Richmond, for Senator.

The Hon. Howard C. Cady, ex-Judge of the Supreme Court, was nominated for Assemblyman of the Hd District (Westchester County) on Saturday.

The following gentlemen constitute the Westchester County Republican Committee for the ensuing year: W. B. Herring, H. B. Archer, H. D. Robertson, Benson Ferris, jr., F. M. Carpenter, G. T. Shelden, and D. B. Fright. B. Frisble,

The following nominations were made on Saturday by the Republican Convention of Westchester County: For County Treasurer, John Berrian of West Farms; for Coroner, Dr. Charles J. Nordquist of East Chester; for Superintendent of the Poor, Wm Sparks of Pelham; for Justice of Sessions, Myron B. Silkman of Bedford.

The Queens County Republicans met in North Hempstead on Saturday Afternoon, and nominated for County Judge, H. W. Eastman, County Treasurer, Chas. H. Hant; County Surrogate, Alexander Hagner; School Commissioner, Thos. Davidson; Justice of Sessions, James M. Seamen; Member of Assembly, Hd. District, Col. Da-vid Anglia.

A number of influential German citizens of A fullibler of Induction A full the Twenty-second Ward organized a German Republican Campaign Club, on Saturday evening, and adopted resolutions supporting the State nominations, and urging activity in the coming campaign. It was also resolved to hold frequent public meetings and to send delegates to the German General Central Organization.

## AGRICULTURAL FAIRS.

## RICHMOND COUNTY.

The fourth annual fair of the Richmond County Agricultural Society closed on Saturday. At 1 p. m. the exercises began with a base-ball match between the Olympics of Stapleton, S. I., and the Quicksteps of Tompkinsville, S. I. The game Jasted 3; hours, and at the close the score stood Olympics 23, Quicksteps 13. The races were for a purse of \$250; entrance fee \$25, two or more to enter, best three in five, infle track. James Eaftis entered b. g. Dresden; John Cudney, entered s. s. Hickory Jack: George Horn entered b. m. Atalanta. This race was very well contested, and aroused the ulmost enthusiasm among the spectators. The first heat was won by Dresden, after a severe contest in 2:01. The betting, which before had been even on the field, now changed to 100 to 80. The second heat was won by Hickory Jack in 1:59, which again made the betting even. Dresden, however, won the next two straight heats and the race in 1:56; and 1:50].

The second race was for \$25, and open to the county, and was won by the b. h. Billy, as follows:

M. J. Souteners b. h. Jack of Clabs.

2 1 2
A. Elia catera b. Time. p. m. the exercises began with a base-ball match between

YORK COUNTY, PA. This Society held its twelfth annual fair on Oct. 5, 6, 7, and 8, and, notwithstanding the damage caused by the recent freshet, was a complete success, caused by the recent freshet, was a complete success, there being on Thursday from 12,000 to Eloco visitors on the ground. The exhibition of stuck, machinery, fruits, &c... was flue, and much superior to that exhibited at the state Fair, last week, at Harrisburg, Fref. John A. Light contributed much to its success by making three balloon ascensions in his large balloon, "Albion." On Friday there was some flue trotting under the auspices of the York Trotting Association, the time made being as low as 2:44, which is good for native horses.

## FATHER MATHEW'S BIRTHDAY.

On the 10th of October, 1790, Father Mathew, the Apostic of Temperance, was born in Thomastown. County Tipperary, Ireland. There is no part of the world which has not felt the influence of that truly great and good man, and in no country is his memory more revered and his principles productive of happier effect than in this country and this City of New York. Yesterday was the 79th anniversary of his birthday, and his numerous disciples in this city determined to pay suitable honor to his memory. In Harlem three societies paraded in the morning with banners and music. The procession was composed of the No. 7 (Manhattanville) Society, the No. 1 of Morrisania, and the Young Men's No. 6 of Harlem. In Jersey Gay and Brooklyn there were similar demonstrations. The down-town societies did not parade, but confined their celebration to listening to speeches in the evening. The Young Men's Society Branch No. 1 met at their hall, No. 76 Varlek-St., at 7 o'clock. Mr. McCardle addressed the meeting on the evils of intemperance. He was followed by Mr. Luke C. Grimes, who sketched the life and career of Father Mathew. At the conclusion a handsome Maltese cross (a sliver media with the initials of the Society engraved on it) was presented to the outgoing President, Mr. McCardle, for his efficient discharge of duty during his three months of office. The hall was well filled with ladies and gettlemen. In the On the 10th of October, 1790, Father Mathew, discharge of duty during his three months of office, hall was well filled with ladies and gentlemen. In other temperance halls like celebrations were held, ball of the Ladies' Father Mathew U. B. T. A. B. Sociakes place at No. 76 Variek st. to-night, as part of birthday anniversary celebration. Pains have 1 taken to make the arrangements worthy of the occasion

LOSS OF LIFE AT SEA. The ship Graham's Polly, Capt. Bargles, which left this port on the 1st just., encountered a fearful hurricane on the 4th inst., while in lat. 41°, lon. 60° 18'. During the tempest, B. Sanne, a Norwegian, the cook, During the tempest, B. Sanbe, a Norweglan, the cook, and A. Springer of this city, a seaman, together with the mate, were washed overboard, and the two former drowned. The mate fortunately became entangled in some of the rigging which had been enst loose, and was hauled aboard. Nearly every movable article on the deck of the ship was washed away, her stanchions and main rails were broken, the galley and forceastle completely gutted, and a full set of sails carried away. The vessel resurned for repairs.

## ROBBED ON A FERRY-BOAT.

At 1 o'clock on Sunday morning a man named Eichard Fiemming, residing in Jersey City, was robbed of \$800 and a gold watch on one of the ferry-boats, while passing between New-York and Jersey City. Two men were arrested yesterday evening on suspicion of committing the robbery.

Senator Cragin of New-Hampshire, Senator Buckingham of Connecticut, Gen. Butler of Massachu-setts, and the Count de Faverney, French Charge d'Af-faires, left this city for Washington on Saturday.

setts, and the Count de Faverney, French Charge d'Alfaires, left this city for Washington on Saturday.

Among the strangers in the city yesterday were Bishop Wilmer of Louisiana, the Hon. Jas. B. Campbell of South Carolina, and Paymaster Brown, U. S. Navy, at the Hoffman Honae. Bishop Green of Mississippi, the Hon. Exta Cornell, Ithaca; Gov. Page of Vernicht, Judge Goldthwaite of Alabama, the Hon. Erastis Corning, Albany, and the Hon. R. R. Carpenter, North Carolina, at the St. Nicholas Hotel, The Hon. John Lynch, M. C., Maine; Gen. Fitz Henry Warren, Lowa; Gen. Thomas Ewing, Ir., Washington; Col. H. C. Ransom, U. S. A., and G. W. Buck, Chemung, at the Astor House. The Hon. J. N. Goodwin, and Gen. D. S. Walker, Washington; Gen. Casement of Ohio; Judge Martindale, Indiana; C. S. Bushnell, New-Hayen; Ben. Field, Albion, N. Y.; Thos. C. Durant, and W. M. Drummond, Jr., Mentreal, at the Fifth Avenus Hotel. J. D. Hoover of Washington, at the New-York Hotel. The Hovy. J. M. Mitchell, Savannah, and S. Prang of Boston, at the St. Denis Hotel. Col. J. H. M. Cinch of Georgia, at the St. Denis Hotel. Col. J. H. M. Cinch of Georgia, at the Brevoert House. Major McGuinness, Capa West, and Lieut. Bavage, U. S. A., are at the Metropolitan Hotel. The Rev. R. E. Terry, Wilmington, N. C., and the Rev. C. Murnigrade, Richmond, Va., at the Coleman House. C. Sim of the Royal Engineers, British Army, at the Ciarondon Hotel.

## THE COURTS.

COURT OF APPEALS. The Court of Appeals has adjourned to the 21st of December at 10 a. m., at Albany. There will be no person at the Clerk's office to furnish remittiturs until

A SETTLEMENT AND NO SETTLEMENT. Romer and others, executors agt. Wood et al .-Supreme Court, Chambers-Before Mr. Justice Cardozo.-This is an action to restrain Cecilia F. Baldwin, or Cecilia F. Wood, from further proceedings in the Surrogate's Court. John H. Baldwin, in 1861, made a will by which he left nothing to the defendant, Cecilia F. She lived with him either as wife or mistress. She claims that he married her in 1862, thus avoiding his previous will. The plaintiffs deny the marriage. In 1862, Mr. Baldwin died, and the defendant, Cecilia, took possession of his household furniture. The plaintiffs proved the will without taking any notice of the defendant, and then commenced a suit against her for the value of the household furniture. She appeared by Mr. Root, and put in an answer. Negotiations were then commenced. The defendant held a note of Baldwin's, made to her under the name of Cecilia F. Wood, in 1868, for \$15,000, and confined to her. A settlement was ultimately arrived at by which she gave up this note and acknowledged judgment for \$5,000 on the furniture, and executed three different papers and an affidavit surrendering all her rights and claims, and she in return received a release of the \$5,000 judgment and \$3,500 in cash. She subsequently commenced proceedings in the Surrogate's Court, on the ground that she was the widow and entitled to her share in the husband's property, and had not been notoffed of the probate. The present action is to stop these proceedings under the terms of the settlement, and the present motion for an injunction till the action can be tried. On her part she claims that she was deceived into the settlement by her counsel, Mr. Root; that she had been by a nervous disease compelled to the use of chloroform, and when she went to the office of the plaintiff's attorney, Mr. John L. Sutherland, was unable to give her attention to the business, and did not know what she was doing; that the papers were read hurriedly to her, and whenever she inquired what they meant she was told by her counsel it was "all right;" that she did not understand what she was doing, and did, in fact, refuse to sign one paper b This is an action to restrain Cecilia F. Baldwin, or Cecilia F. Wood, from further proceedings in the Surro-

#### THE DE RIVIERE SCANDAL.

Helena Stille agt. Henri de Riviere.-Superior Court-Speial Term-Bofore Justice Jones.-It has been Court—Speial Term—Before Justice Jones.—It has been already reported in The Tribune that Baron de Riviere was arrested on the charge of the plaintiff; that after seducing her he had obtained from her about \$7,500, which she reclaimed. The defendant obtained an order to show cause, returnable on Saturday, on affidavits, why the order of arrest should not be vacated. At the return of the writ, counsel for plaintiff appeared and urged that the time had been too short to brenare answering affidavits, and asked that time be given for that purpose. Counsel for the defendant then withdrew his motion, with the object of obtaining fuller affidavits on which to renew it. The substance of the affidavit of the Baron is a denial of plaintiff's allegations, and a statement which his wife copfitus; that in September, 1865, when plaintiff alleges the loan was made, he was not in Paris; that he left Paris in April, 1865, for Madrid, and proceeded to Seville and Cadiz, and then went to Lusbon, leaving for Bordeaux on the 13th of January, 1866; that he first became acquainted with plaintiff in the latter part of 1864, when she represented herself to be endeavoring to join her husband in America, but without means, whereupon he gave her some money for her traveling expenses; that he again met her in 1866, when she appealed to his generosity to furnish her with means to join her husband in Australia; that he complied with her request, but she made use of the money to take passage on the same steamer on which the deponent was traveling on his way to Chilt, and followed him up to Lima; that she has since systematically followed by and attempted to blackmail him, till he was compelled to have her arrested in Paris, and bound over to keep the peace; that she has been in New-York for a year following the same course; that in 1808 she absonded from Paris, and was sued in that city for obtaining goods under false pretenses. The affidavit of Lawinia Le, Wise gives the plaintiff a bad character, stating among already reported in The Tribune that Baron de Riviere sconded from Paris, and was suce in that ety for obtaining goods under false pretenses. The affidavit of Laginia L. Wise gives the plaintiff a bad character, stating among other things that in Europe she became acquainted with the Duke de Morny, and represented, and, as deponent is informed and believes, tried to pass herself off as the Duke's wife.

THE CROTON AQUEDUCT BOARD.

THE CROTON AQUEDUCT BOARD.

The People ex rel. Bradley agt. Slephen.—
Court of Appeals.—It may be remembered that the old
Croton Board of which Mr. Stephens was a member, was
continued by several acts of the Legislature. In 1866 the
City Hall supposed that notwithstanding these acts
they had a right to appoint, and appointed Mr. Bradley
to take Mr. Stephens's place. Mr. Stephens refused to be
omated. Mr. Bradley then commenced proceedings at
law to establish his right to the office. In the lower
courts he succeeded, but the Court of Appeals has declared in favor of Mr. Stephens. The main question in
the case was the constitutionality of the acts extending
Mr. Stephens's term, but as several merely technical
points were also involved, it cannot be told what was the
ground of the decision till the opinion is filed.

All delictson Market Folice Court, on Saturday, before Justice Ledwith, Alouzo Marritis was charged by Miguel T. Giles of No. 125 East Eleventhest, with having stolen a quantity of underciptining valued at \$200. He was committed. Alexander Le Codzon was committed for having attempted to pass a forged check for \$900 upon the Chatham National Bank on Saturday morning. He presented the check in person, but the forgery was at once detected.

At the Tombs Police Court, yesterday, Justice Hogan committed one Fanute Moore, an abandoned woman, for having stolen a silver watch, valued at \$29, from Franz Lintz of No. 45 Rose-st., on Saturday hight, in a house of hil fame... On Saturday John Phalon was committed on a charge of attempted felonious assault, preferred by his divorced wife, Elizabeth Stowall. The lady, who keeps a hoop skirt and corset factory in the Rowery, stated that the accused was in the habit of annoying her by coming into her place and ondeavoring to induce her to again live with him, and on her refusing, would become quite violent, and at times threaten her life. On saturday he brandished a pistol in her presoner, and when this was taken from him, selzed a large pair of shears and a knife, with which he threatened her life.... Itom. Scott, a resident of Albany, yesterday caused the arrest of Wim Lavery, on a charge of being a fugitive from justice. Scott testified that the accused stole the cargo of the barge James Alexander, while lying at Albany, in the latter part of May last. He procured a warrant from an Albany magnetrate for Lavery's arrest, but had not been able to find him until yesterday, when passing through the First Ward, he met him, and caused his arrest. The magnetrate decided to commit the accused intil the arrival of an officer with the warrant from Albany... Early yesterday morning Officer Doyle of the Harbor Police arrested Samuel Millett and Richard Marron, junkinen, whom he found at Pier No. 12 East River, engaged in bringing ashore a coil of rope, a quantity of rigging, and two jib sails, valued at \$160, which are supposed to have been stolen from some vessel along the river front. They were committed. At the Tombs Police Court, yesterday, Justice

## DECISIONS.

DECISIONS.

COURT OF APPEALS,—Judgments affirmed with costs.—Beard agt, Jackson; Auderson agt, Patks; Pensaan agt, Sheonin; Richmond act, Bankron Miller agt, President &c. of Junction Canal Loc.; Katen agt, Ricel, Galca agt. President &c. of Junction Canal Loc.; Katen agt, Ricel, Galca agt. President Rev. of Junction Canal Loc.; Katen agt, Ricel, Galca agt. President Rev. Gumercial Bank of Rochester, Hutchings agt, Munyer; Milchell agt, Penson; Popile ax red Lumler agt, Aver; Penson; Port agt, Cart. Foot agt, Harrington, Palmer agt, Aver; Marrin agt, Brothage, Rochester, Hutchings agt, Howis; Ricard agt, Sanderson; Groff agt Mayurard; Jones agt, Of Relly; Gurner agt, Agra, Sanderson; Groff agt Mayurard; Jones agt, Of Relly; Gurner agt, Agra, Sanderson; Groff agt Mayurard; Jones agt, Of Relly; Gurner agt, Griswold; Perrin agt, New York Central Railroad Company; Russ agt, Flori, Gray agt, City of Brouklyn; Gruper agt, McLaurie; Barber agt, New York Central Railroad Company; Russ agt, Poulingy; Hyatt agt, Trustees of Village of Rondon; Fowler agt, Sander, Stander, Company; Russ agt, New 1 Sentan, Wheeler agt, Garder, Stander, Gons (Associal Ross) agt, New Amsterdam Fire Jonatane Company, Edward, Stander, Groffer of General Term reversed, and Judgment affirmed, People agt, John Park, et al.; Leachout agt, The People, Judgment affirmed, With costs, Campbell agt, Cypress Hill Censetery; Sevens agt, Daniels, Werman agt, Childa, Judgments affirmed, People agt, John Park, et al.; Leachout agt, The People, Judgment affirmed, with costs and five per cent damages. Stade agt, O'Parrell.—Orders affirmed with costs and five per cent damages. Stade agt, O'Parrell.—Orders affirmed with costs and five per cent damages. Stade agt, O'Parrell.—Orders affirmed with costs and five per plaintiff with costs. Latten agt, McCarly, Resignent ordered for plaintiff with costs. Latten agt, McCarly, Resignent ordered for plaint COURT OF APPEALS .- Judgments affirmed with

## COURT CALENDARS-THIS DAY.

COURT OF APPEALS .- No more Day Calendars will COURT OF APTEALS.—NO MORE DAY CAICHUAIS WILL be made out.

OYER AND TERMINER AND SUPREME COURT—CIRCUIT.—PART I.—Nos. 993, 1163, 1643, 1643, 203, 1173, 1773, 1779, 1781, 1793, 1491, 1395, 4247, 139, 1873, 1791, 1792, 188.

SUPREME COURT—CIRCUIT—PART II.—Nos. 1196, 280, 65, 1444, 1340, 1483, 130, 1566, 839, 5944, 1493, 824, 184, 1856, 792, 529, 1479, 866, 1818, 1820.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS.—Reserved Cascs—Nos. 160, 163, 394, Call—No. 308.

SUPPERME COURT—SPECIAL TERM.—Nos. 31, 7, 29, 25, 36, 37. Law and Fact—Nos. 184, 194, 207, 210, 211, 213, 214.

SUPERIOR COURT—TRIAL TERM.—PART I.—Nos.

1051, 985, 401, 1035, 1689, 1691, 1095, 1087, 1009, 1101, 1103, 1107, 1111, 1113, 1115, Past II.—Ros. 1112, 1144, 654, 1146, 1188, 1190, 1192, 1194, 1198, 1290, 1294, 1204, 1214, 1216 MARINE COURT—TRIAL TERM.—Part I.—Nos. 3704, 356, 3700, 3634, 3688, 3797, 3843, 3861, 3795, 3524, 3525, 3828, 3541, 3046.

MARINE COURT—TRIAL TERM.—Part I.—Nos. 3704, 1796, 1796, 1894, 1896, 1897, 1898, 3197, 1841, 3861, 3863, 3823, 3624, 3363, 3344, 3365, 3324, 3364, 3364, 3365, 3324, 3364, 3365, 3362, 3366, 3062, 3686, 3726, 3780, 3302, 3824, 3845, 3865, 3866.
GENERAL SESSIONS.—Louis Saunders, burglary; Edward Rocke, and Joseph and Henry Taylor, felonious assault and battery; Wm. Johnson, receiving stellen geods; Ernestina Solomov, Charles Foot, Wm. Gledes, Henry M. Wood, and Annie Dugan, grand isreenr; John Cuillin, petty larcenry Manuel Cortex, oblaving goods by false produces: Jahns Belwards, Robert Duath, and Peter Mavotre, burglary; Chas. H. Boldt. forgery.
CITY COURT.—Nos. 58, 73, 76, 78, 82, 87, 88, 92,96, 97, 93, 99, 100, 101, 103, 103, 104, 105, 107.
SUPREME COURT—CIRCUIT—SECOND DISTRICT.—First trenty sases.

First twenty sases.

U. S. GIRCUIT COURT—EASTERN DISTRICT.—Trial of civil cause.

## LABOR MOVEMENTS.

The Paper Stainers' on strike received \$400

A German branch of the Coopers' Union is

The Order of the Knights of St. Crispin, i

The Journeymen Tailors' Union of this city has given \$400 to the striking Pailors of Worcester, Mass.

Mr. Connolly, of the London Stone Masons' Union, will address the mass meeting of workingmen at Cooper Institute to-morrow evenlag. The members of the Painters' Union, of this city, have ordered the men in one of the firms of this city to strike, in consequence of the employment of a non-nulonist, and Coopers' Union No. 8 have declared several shops on strike for refusing to pay the full list of prices.

### THE COAL MINE DISASTER.

The following additional sums have been received at the office of THE TRIBUNE for the families of

the victims of the Avondale disaster: Previously acknowledged......\$2,696 on Total......\$2,736 03

## AMERICAN BOARD OF FOREIGN MISSION.

THIRD AND FOURTH DAYS' PROCEEDINGS. PITTSBURGH, Oct. 8 .- Yesterday, as suggested in a previous letter, perhaps the most thrilling event of this meeting was the carrying by a unanimous standing vote the resolution to occupy Japan as a new missionary vote the resolution to occupy Japan as a new missionary station. It was followed by an address by Mr. Green, who goes out by the next steamer from San Francisco to that island. This morning the closing session was held. By a unanimous standing vote the thanks of the Board were given to the good people of Pittsburgh and vicinity for "the best arrangements which have ever been made for the entertainment of its members and friends." The Hon. Wm. E. Dodge brought out the fact that in 1859 the income of the Board was \$376,000, on a gold basis, and in 1869, \$225,000 in currency. But as the operations of the Board are in foreign lands, where business is conducted on a specie basis, and the average premium paid during the year has been 35 per cent, the actual income has been but \$359,000. Yet the churches are better able to pay twice as much now as they were ten years ago. The Board will meet in Brooklyn next year.

#### HEAVY ROBBERY IN POUGHKEEPSIE.

On Friday night, a party of four burglars forcibly entered the office of the Dutchess County Mutual Insurance Company, at Poughkeepsic. There was a watchman in the building, but he was lured away in a very ingenious manner. Adjoining his residence, a considerable distance from the office of the Company, is a large barn. This was set on fire by the thieves. Alarmed for the safety of his residence, the watchman closed and locked the office, and hurried to the scene of the fire. locked the office, and hurried to the scene of the life. During his absence, the thieves entered the office, drilled holes in the large safe, and blew it open with powder. Within the safe were three tin boxes, containing about \$90,000 in cash. United States bonds, railroad stock, Dutchess County stock, and other securities. \$27,000 of which are negotiable. The thieves took the early morning train down to this city. The robbery was discovered by the watchman soon after daylight, but before any measures could be taken to secure the thieves, they had fied. The station-master at Poughkeepsie was caabled to give a good description of four men who had left that place in the early train, one of them carrying a black traveling bas. A tolegram was sent by the Chief of Police of Poughkeepsie to the Twentieth Precinct Police of this city, setting forth the above facts, and that the men might be expected in the city on the train mentioned. Sergeant McConnell took with him an officer and got on the train at Fifty-seventh-st. At Forty-minth-st, the men got off, and after proceeding a short distance, separated. The one carrying the traveling bag was followed by the officers and taken into custody, after a desperate resistance. He was taken to the West Thirty-lifth-st. Police Station, and the carpet bag, which the officers had supposed contained the valuables, was found to be filled with burglars' tools. There were found in the possession of the prisoner, however, two private notes belonging to Mr. L. G. Dodge, the Treasurer of the Company, and which were in the safe when it was robbed, showing that the prisoner however two private notes belonging to Mr. L. G. Dodge, the Treasurer of the Company, and which were in the safe when it was robbed, showing that the prisoner however two private notes belonging to dispatch announcing his arrest sent to Poughkeepsie. Later in the day the accused was taken During his absence, the thieves entered the office, drilled keepsie for the prisoner, and, accompanied by a Pough-keepsie officer, had come to this city. It was finally agreed that no forther proceedings should be taken until to-day, and the prisoner was remanded to the station-house. His counsel openly boasts that he will compet the financace officers to agree to a compromise—they to receive back the stelen property, minus \$10,000 or \$15,000 of the cash and negotiable bonds, which the theyes are to retain, on condition that no further proceedings be taken against the prisoner.

SERMON BY THE REV. HENRY WARD BEECHER. The Rev. Henry Ward Beecher preached, yesterday, from the text: "And He, bearing his cross, went forth."-John xvil, 19. The reverend speaker said that ancient artists had represented Christ bearing the cross as erect, almost triumphant, but the moderns had reversed this, and showed him as downcast and despond-ent, sinking under the heavy load. In other words, anreversed this, and showed him as downcast and despondent, sinking under the heavy load. In other words, ancient art showed him as bearing his cross, modorn art as being overbosne by it. The ancient ideal was the true one. Christ despised his sufferings, and, instead of weakly yielding to them, trampled them under foot. The history of Christ's life was an enlarged history of every man. Men begin low down in the scaeses, and, by dint of learning, and tears, and trouble, rise above their lower nature. The ascent is gradual and laborious. No man can rise and not suffer. The price of greatness is humility and pain. It was not possible even for Christ himself to work out the problem of human salvation without suffering. Many people think that, in order to be Christians, they must voluntarily subject themselves to torture, and deay themselves of the things which go to make life pleasant. This is a mistaken idea. A man should not suffer outside of his duty. God uses troubles as whetsfones to sharpen men's consciences with. When the knife is once sharpen due, concerning persons imagine that they are doing God's will whening persons imagine that they are doing God's will whening persons into the store is the most precious fruit of all trouble. There is but one tree that bears true manhood; and it is the Cross. The true way is to bear it cheerfully. Many drag their crosses behind them, as though they were fetters or clogs. Others manufacture little crosses, out of the lightest timber they can get, and not unfrequently they are covered with embroidery. This is what they call "gloryfing the cross." The true cross mustibe a real cross, and it must be honestly borne.

An inquest was held by Coroner Schirmer yesterday, over the body of John Printy, found in the East River, off the foot of Jackson-st. Deccased, who resided at No. 145 Hudson-ave., Brooklyn, was accidentally drowned on the 4th inst. He was 28 years old...Also, over the body of Simon Dreschler, who was killed on Friday by a plank falling on him as he passed beneath the hatchway of No. 16 Amity-place, where he was employed. The proprietor, a Mr. Shef, was censured for not keeping the hatchway closed...Also, over the body of Mrs. Mary Gersteller, who died suddenly at her husband's residence, at the corner of One-hundred-and-twentiethst, and Eighth-ave....Coroner Flynn held an inquest at Bellevue Hospital over the body of Balser Thierry, a German, aged 42 years, who died from injuries received on Saturday by falling through a hatchway of the packing-house, No. 22 Chrystie-8t., where he was employed. He resided at No. 52 Allen-st... Thomas Hanley, a laborer, died on Saturday in Bellevue Hospital from injuries received on the 2d inst., by being run over by car No. 116 of the Belt Railroad line, at the corner of Avenue D and Fourteenthst.... Coroner Flynn held an inquest in the case of Adam Leinhard, late a private in the 1st United States Artilery, whose body was found on Saturday morning floating in the East River, of the foot of Stanton-st. Deceased was a native of Germany, aged about 40 years. The body, which had been in the water for some time, was taken to the Morgue. River, off the foot of Jackson-st. Deceased, who resided

## THE STRANDED VESSEL.

The bark Sarah Elizabeth, which went ashore about a mile south of Amityville, L. I., has not yet been taken off. She is entirely out of water at lowfide. About sixty men are at work unloading her, under the direction sixty men are at work unloading her, under the direction of the New York Coast Wrecking Co., and the Underwriters' axents. She was loaded with 20,000 hides and 13) bules of hair, but all the latter and about 5,000 of the hides have been recovered, and if the weather remains good, she will be got off in a day or two. The vessel is insured in Boston for \$25,000, far below her value, and the cargo in this city. The captain of the vessel complains that the keepers of life-saving stations Nos. 7 and 8 are negligent of duty.

Dr. Hanning's Lecture to Methers and Young Ladies, Cooper

And Pleasures Banish Pain,"

CURRIR—ABERCHOMBIR—On Thursday, Oct. 7, at the rasidence of the bride's parents, by Elder C. Abercremble, David C. Gerris to Mar-garet W., edicat daughter of John Abercrombie of Fairmoust, Tawa of West Farms, Westchester Gounty.

of West Farms, Westchester County.

PARNSWORTH—NEWCOMB—At Shawmut Church, Boston, the 6th
Inst., by the Rev. W. H. H. Marray, Miss Leila F., damptier of John
J. Nowcomb, eng., of Boston, to Erra Farmaworth, jr., of this sity.

PRATT—RAND—On Thurskey, Oct. 7, br Rev. George A. Howard, at
the residence of the bride's uncle, Geo. B. Pendeni, Catakili, William
M. Pratt and Sophie P. Rand, only daughter of Richard Rand, Boston,
BOCKWELL—PIPER—In Stargis, Mich., Sept. 19, 1868, by the Rev.
Lanc Ayres, Geo. F. Rockwell, M. D., of Outario, Ind., to Miss Rilea
E. Piper of Okemos, Mich.

WARDELL-WINTRINGHAM-Therstay, Oct. 7, by Rev. Dr. Storre Tyler W. Wardell, esq., to Mary B., daughter of Sidney Wintringham all of Brooklyn, L. L.

All Notices of Marriages must be indorsed with full

ONOVER.—Suddenly, at Long Branch, N. J., on Saturday morning, John V. Conover, in the 75th year of his age. His relatives and frends are respectfully nevited to attend his funeral or Tuesday, 12th inst., at 1 o'clock, without further notice, from his late OSTER-On Saturday, Oct. 9, Robert C. Foster, son of the late Jan. W

FONTER—On Saturday, Oct. 9, Robert C. Foster, son of the late January. Foster, aged 34 years.
The relatives and friends of the family, and also the members of Enginemat Lodge No. 301 F. and A. M., are invited to attend the fowers) from this late residence, No. 32 Union-place, new No. 209 Fourth-ave., on Tanaday, Oct. 12, at 2 o'clock p. m., without further sudes.

GALE—On Prilay, the 8th inst. Margaret, wife of Adams H. Oals, in the 46th year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from her late residence, No. 221 Kant Twelfthest., at 1 o'clock in the afternoon of Tuesday, the 12th inst., without further is vitation.

age.
The remains will be conveved from his late residence, 22 Seventh-st., or
Tuesday morning, 10 o'clock to St. Ann's Church, Elghah'st., when solemn mass of requiem will be celebrated for the repose of his sout.
LOWNDES—At Bridgeville, Susser Co., Del., Thursday, the Jth inst.,
after a protracted liness, Thomas Lowndes, in the 68th year of his

age.

MCUTCHEN—At Madison, Ga., on Thursday morning, after a few dark libers. Mary Rebecca. youngest daughter of Win. M. McCutches, in the 19th year of her age.

Relatires and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the futeral services at Plainfield, N. J., the (Monday) afternoon (instead of Tuesday), at 3 o'clock. Train leaves foot of Liberty-at. at 12 m., vis Central Railroad of New-Jersey.

MITCHELL.—On Sunday, Oct. 10, William L. Mitcheil, in the 34th year f his age.
e notice will be given of the faueral.

Due notice will be given of the fuveral.

RHONER—Le Boston, on Sunday, Oct. 10, Mrs. C. A. Rhoner. wife of Frank Rhoner.

The funeral will take place Tuesday, Oct. 12, from the residence of her mother, Mrs. Bailey, No. 155 Summer-et, Boston, Mass.

STRONG—In Brooklyn, E. D., on Friday, Oct. 8, at 34 o'clock p. ms., Mary Wilcox, wife of the late Mortimer Strong.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the fuseral from her late residence, No. 217 Ress-st., on Monday, the lith last, at 2 o'clock p. ms. 11th lust, at 2 o'clock p. m.

the insersi from her site residence, No. 27; itesses, on shomay, use 11th last, at 2 o'clock p.m.

THOMPSON—On Friday morning, Kliza, wife of Israge Thompson, and daughter of the late Joseph Hall.

Funcasi en Monday, at 1 p. m., from her residence, Ninthest, cor. of Fourtheave, Browklyn.

TINTON—At her late residence, 92 South Fifth-st, after a short illness, Harriet, relict of the late Thomas Tinton, in the 72d year of her age. Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral services, to be held at the First Baptist Church, corner South Fifth and Fifth-sta, Williamshurgh, L. L., this (Monday) afternoon, 24 o'clock. Remains to be taken to Westport, Coun., for interness.

WHITSON—On First Jay morning, 10 mo. 10th, of parajists, at the residence of her south-law, Edmund Willets, Manhasset, L. L. Ans, widow of Thomas Whitson, in her 91st year.

Friends of the family are fortied to attend the funeral from Friends Meeting-House at Flushing, L. L., on Third day, 12th, at 11 o'clock.

## Special Rotices.

Phalon's "Vitalia;" Or, Salvation for the Hair.

POR RESTORING TO GRAY HAIR ITS ORIGINAL COLOR.

PHALON'S "YITALIA" differs utterly from all the "dyes," "col overs," and "restorers" (f) in use. It acts on a totally different principle. It is limpid, fragrant, and perfectly innecessar, precipitates se muddy or flacculent matter, requires no shaking up, and communicates no stain to the akin or the lines. No poper curtain is necessary to comceal its turbid appearance, for the simple reason that it is not turbid. It is to all intents and purposes A NEW DISCOVERY in Toilet Chemistry. For sale by all draugists.

PHALON & SON, Naw-York.

Watches and Jeweley Repaired

# In the best manner by FIRST-CLASS WORKMEN.

GEO. C. ALLEN, 415 Broadway, one door below Caual at., and 1,173
Broadway, between Twenty seventh and Twenty-eighth-ate.

Fine Gold Lockets, New and rich styles, Six, Eight, and Ten, to One Hundred Dollars each, for sale by GEO. C. ALLEN, 415 Broadway, one door below Canal-at.,

and 1,173 Broadway, between Twentr-seventh and Twenty-sighth-sts.

Bridal Fans.

With point lace, very rich, for sale by GEO. C. ALLEN, 415 Broadway, one door below Canal-at, and 1,173 Broadway, between Twentr-seventh

#### and Twenty-eighth-st. 60 Choice Decorated China DINNER SETS AND DESSERT SETS,

at half the usual prices; selected from the stock of a manufacturer giving up business. ALSO, GOLD BAND TEA AND DINNER WARE, in sets or by the piece, at the price of Plata White China.
CUT AND ENGRAVED FLINT GLASS WARE,

of new and elegant designs. FINE CHANDELIERS AND GAS FIX.

IN GLASS (from Osler, London), BRONZE, AND ORMULU.
E. V. HAUGHWOUT & CO.,
488, 490 & 492 BROADWAY, corner of Broome-st.

Annual Meeting of the Board of Missions of the Prot-

estant Episcopal Church .- The business sessions of the Board, commencing THIS (Monday) MORNING at 11; o'clock, will be held in

the Chapel of the Holy Savior, in Twenty Sfih-st , near Madison are. We are firmly convinced that the medical use of electricity is destined

We are firmly convinced in the description of assume an importance of which its warmest advocates have at present no conception.— New York Medical Reporter.

There is scarcely any form of chronic aiment which may not be cured, and many acute forms yield more readily to this treatment than to medicine. The indice, too, here find their true friend.—[Loundon Medical Journal and Review.

Scientifically applied by a regular physician of thirty rears' practice. Please call or send for references of the highest character. Address ELECTRO THERAPEUTICS, 26 Great Jones-1, New York

Association for the Advancement of Science and Art.—The regular mouthly meeting of the Association will be held at their room, No. 1 Third-ave, corner Saventhest, on MONDAT EVENING.

Oct 11, at 2 p. m. Admission free.

Photographs of the Harvard and Oxford Crews, price 20 reads each. Sent by mail on receipt of price. W.M. B.

## Political Motices.

Union Republican General Committee, Bondway and Wentz-second al.—At a regular meeting beid on Thursday evening, Oct. at Headquarters, the following report from the Executive Committee as adopted: was adopted:

Resolved, That the Assembly District Union Republican Association
be, and are berely directed to used at their respective places of meeting
on TURSDAY EVENING, OCT. 12, and elect by bailot delegates to
the following Conventions: he following Conventions:
A COUNTY CONVENTION, to consist of the same number of Dele-

the following Conventions:

A COUNTY CONVENTION, to consist of the same number of Delegates from the various Assembly Districts, as said District has representatives in the General Committee to monimate candidates for Supervisor, District Attorney and Surrogate.

A JUDICIARY CONVENTION, to consist of the same number of Delegates from the various Assembly Districts, as said District has representatives in the General Committee, to numinate a Judge of the Superior Court, a Judge of the Court of Common Piens, and a Justice of the Marine Court.

A SENATORIAL CONVENTION in each Senatorial District, to consist of the same number of delegates from each descently District, within the Beneforial District, as said Assembly District has representatives in the General Committee, to nominate a candidate for State Senator.

An ASNEMBLY CONVENTION in each Assembly District, to consist of one delegate from each election District in the Assembly District, to consist of one delegate from each election District in the Assembly District, to consist of one delegate from each election District in the Assembly District, to consist of one delegate from each election District in the Assembly District, to consist of one delegate from each election District in the Assembly District, to consist of one delegate from each election District in the Assembly District, to consist of one delegate from each election District in the Assembly District, to consist of one delegate from each election District in the Assembly District, to consist of one delegate from each election District in the Assembly District, to consist of one delegate from each election District in the Assembly District, to consist of one delegate from each election District in the Assembly District, to consist of one delegate from each election District in the Assembly District, to consist one of the District in the Assembly District, to consist of the Assembly District in the Assembly District to consist of the Assembly District in the Assembly District to consist of the Assem

The County Convention shall meet at Headquarters, 137; Broadway, corner Twenty-secondst., on WEDMESDAY EVENING, Oct. 13, at 8 o'clock.

The Judiciary Convention shall meet at Headquarters, 237; Broadway, corner of Twenty-second-st., on THURSDAY EVENING, Oct. 14, at 8 o'clock.

The Various SENATORIAL CONVENTIONS will meet on FRIDAY EVENING, October 15 at 8 o'clock. as follows:

The Fourth District will meet at No. 256 Kast Broadway.

The Fifth District will meet at No. 256 Kast Broadway.

The Sixth Datrict will meet at No. 256 Kast Broadway.

The Sixth District will meet at No. 21 Avenue Date.

The Seventh District will meet at No. 23 Foorth-are.

The Right District will meet at Third-are, near Forty-ninth-st.

The ASSEMBLY DISTRICT CONVENTIONS shall meet at their respective Headquarters on SATURDAY EVENING, OCT. 16, at a clock.

The Presidents of each association, or in his absence the proper officer thereof shall preside, and appoint three Inspectors of Election, whose duty it shall be to receive and canvass the votes, and also to sign the credentials of such delegates as have received the majority of votes cast. The President shall attest said credential.

Notice of the time and place of holding and Primary Elections shall be published in The New York Times and New York Tribune for at least, two days previous to said Primary.

Polls to be open fron 7 to 3 o'clock.

JOHN V. GRIDLEY,

President.

Executive Committee,—Usion Republican General Committee, Broadway and Twenty-second-st. Executive Committee will meet on MONDAY EVENING, Oct. 11, at 7 o'clock.

A. H. Kerch, Secretary.

A. H. Kerch, Secretary.

First Assembly District Union Republican Association.

—A Pringry Meeting, to elect Delegates to the several Nominating Conventions, will be held at headquarters, No. 9 Beachest, on TUKoDAY ventions, will be held at headynation will be held the Monday EVENING. October 12, 1029. Pulls open from 7 to 9. The Regular EVENING, October 12, 1029. Pulls open from 7 to 9. The Regular Meeting of the Association will be held THIS (Monday) EVENING, Oct. 11, at 79 o'clock.

Juny W.M. HEAPER, Secretaries.

Second Assembly District Regular Union Republican Association.—Regular meeting of this Association will be held at headquarters, 22 City Hall-place, THIS EVENING, Oct. 11, at 8 o'clock. All Republicans are invited to attend as business of importance will be transacted. Frimary Election TUKSDAY, Oct. 12, from 7 to 8 o'clock p. m.

DENNIS MCLAUGHLER, President.

FIGH Assembly District Union Republican Association.

PATRICK KLUFF, SCHOOLSELE VILION Republican Association—in accordance with a call of the Union Republican General Committee, a PRIMARY MEKTING will be held at No. 190 Prince st., TUKNDAY RYENING, from 7 to 9 welock, to elect decates to the new real Conventions.

N. GROKOR, Secretary.

Seventh Assembly District Union Republican Associ-Attion.—In pursuant to the call of the General Committee a Primary Election will be held, at the Headquarters, No. 106 Sixth-ave. on TUES-DAY EVENING. Oct 12. Polis open from 7 to 9 o'.lock. The Executive Committee will need at No. 114 McDougal-M., THIS EVENING at 71 o'clock.

JOHN H. ALEIN, Secretary.

Ninth Assembly District Union Republican Association.—Personnt to the call of the General Committee, a Primary will be held at Lebanon Hall, 10 Abundon-square, TUESDAY EVENING, Oct 12 to seet Delegates to the various Sominating Conventions. Polis open from 74 to 24 o'clock. GEO. E. KETSER, President. Isaac S. Corner, Secretary.

Janac S. Cornitar, Secretary.

Eleventh Assembly District Union Republican Association.—Frimary election will be held for the purpose of electing belegates to the various Nominating Conventions, at the Revertt Rooma, Thirty fourthest, corner of Broadear, on TURSDAY EVENING, Oct. II. Polis open from 7 to 9 o'clock p. m. W.M. R. STEWART, Joseph R. Petris, Secretaries.

DAVID MCADAN.

DAVID McADAM. 5

Thirteenth Assembly District.—A Primary Election will be belt at BRIGG'S HALL, No. 130 West Twenty-fourthest, to elect delegates to the following Conventions: County, Judiciary, Secatorial, and Assembly, in pursance of an order from the Union Republican General Coundities, meeting, corner Twenty-accounts, and Broadway. Publication To 3 o diock. B. B. DUMVIII.8, President at Thirteenth Assemble District & specialized.